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Question Paper Code : 42442

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2018

Third Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC2204 – SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

(Common to Biomedical Engineering)

(Regulations 2008)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

PART – A

(10×2=20 Marks)

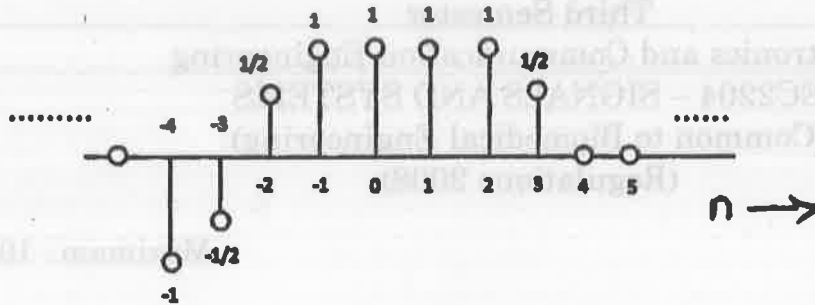
1. Determine the fundamental period of a signal $x[n] = 1 + e^{i4\pi n/7} - e^{i2\pi n/5}$.
2. Find whether the given system $y(t) = x(\sin(t))$ is casual or not.
3. Determine the Fourier series representation of the signal $x(t) = 5 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}t + \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$.
4. Find the initial value theorem for $x(t) = 5e^{-4t}$ using Laplace transform.
5. Convert the following differential equation into integral form and obtain the block diagram representations.
$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 5y(t) = x(t)$$
6. List out the advantages of state space representation of a system.
7. Find the DTFT of the signal $x[n] = \{2, 1, 4, 1, 2\}$.
8. Determine the ROC and Z-transform of a given signal $x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n]$.
9. State the relationship between the DTFT and Z-transform.
10. List out the properties of convolution sum.



PART - B

(5×16=80 Marks)

11. a) A discrete time signal is given below.

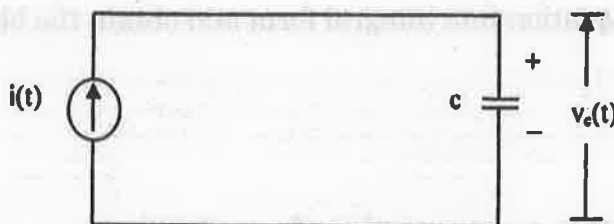


Sketch and label carefully each of the following signals :

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------|
| 1) $x[3 - n]$ | 2) $x[3n + 1]$ | |
| 3) $x[n - 2] \delta[n - 2]$ | 4) $x[(n - 1)^2]$ | (16) |

(OR)

b) Consider the capacitor shown in the given figure. Let input $x(t) = i(t)$ and output $y(t) = v_c(t)$.



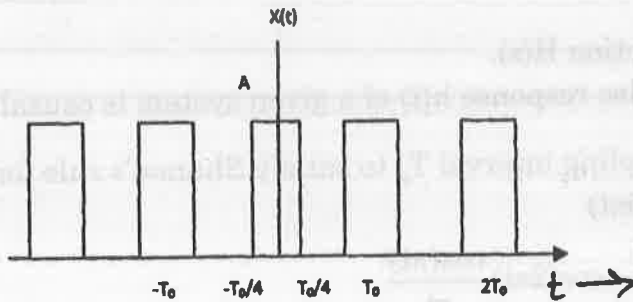
- i) Find the input-output relationship.
- ii) Determine whether the system is

1) Memoryless	2) Causal
3) Linear	4) Time invariant
5) Stable.	

(16)



12. a) i) Consider the periodic square wave $x(t)$ shown in given figure.
 1) Determine the complex exponential Fourier series of $x(t)$.
 2) Determine the trigonometric Fourier series of $x(t)$.



(10)

- ii) Find the Fourier series co-efficient for the given signal

$$x(t) = 1 + \sin \omega_0 t + 2\cos \omega_0 t + \cos \left(2\omega_0 t + \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

and also plot the magnitude and phase spectrum.

(6)

(OR)

- b) i) Find the FT of the signum function, $\text{sgn}(t)$ defined as

$$\text{sgn}(t) = \begin{cases} +1, & t > 0 \\ 0, & t = 0 \\ -1, & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

and plot the spectrum.

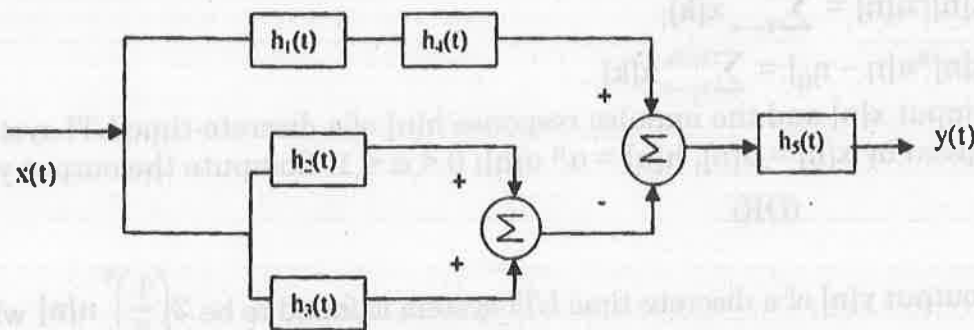
(8)

- ii) Find the Laplace transform of the given signal $x(t) = (e^{-3t} u(t)) * (t \cdot u(t))$.

(8)

13. a) i) Obtain the expression for the impulse response of the interconnection systems shown in the given figure.

(8)



- ii) Perform the convolution of two signals, $x_1(t) = e^{-\alpha t} u(t)$ and $x_2(t) = e^{-\beta t} u(t)$.

(8)

(OR)

- b) i) Find the natural response of an LTI system described by the differential equation.

$$4 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 8 y(t) = x(t); y(0) = 2$$

(8)



- ii) Consider a continuous-time LTI system for which the input $x(t)$ and output $y(t)$ are related by

$$\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + \frac{dy(t)}{dt} - 2y(t) = x(t)$$

- 1) Find the system function $H(s)$.
- 2) Determine the impulse response $h(t)$ of a given system is causal. (8)

14. a) i) Find the minimum sampling interval T_s to satisfy Shanon's rule for

- 1) $x(t) = \cos(2\pi t) + \cos(5\pi t)$

- 2) $x(t) = \cos(2\pi t) \frac{\sin(\pi t)}{\pi t} + \cos(2\pi t) \frac{\cos(\pi t)}{\pi t}$. (8)

- ii) State and prove the Time shifting property and Parseval relationship property of DTFT. (8)

(OR)

- b) i) Find $X(z)$ for the given $x[n]$, using linearity and multiplication by an exponential properties.

$$x[n] = a^n \cos(\Omega n) u[n]. \quad (8)$$

- ii) Determine $x[n]$ if

$$x[z] = \frac{1 - z^{-1} + z^{-2}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)(1 - 2z^{-1})(1 - z^{-1})}. \quad (8)$$

15. a) i) Show that

- 1) $x[n] * \delta[n] = x[n]$

- 2) $x[n] * \delta[n - n_0] = x[n - n_0]$

- 3) $x[n] * u[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^n x[k]$

- 4) $x[n] * u[n - n_0] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{n-n_0} x[k]$. (8)

- ii) The input $x[n]$ and the impulse response $h[n]$ of a discrete-time LTI system are given by $x[n] = u[n]$, $h[n] = \alpha^n u[n]$; $0 < \alpha < 1$. Compute the output $y[n]$. (8)

(OR)

- b) i) The output $y[n]$ of a discrete-time LTI system is found to be $2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n]$ when the input $x[n]$ is $u[n]$. Find the impulse response $h[n]$ of the system. (8)

- ii) Find the state equation of a discrete-time system described by

$$y[n] - \frac{3}{4}y[n-1] + \frac{1}{8}y[n-2] = x[n]. \quad (8)$$